## **Flood Study Terminology**

## **Government Departments & Agencies**

| DCCEEW (pronounced DQ)   | Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment & Water |  |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| DPHI                     | Department of Planning, Housing & Infrastructure              |  |
| SES                      | State Emergency Service                                       |  |
| Reconstruction Authority | Formerly Resilience NSW                                       |  |
| ВОМ                      | Bureau of Meteorology   |  |

## **Acronyms**

| 1% AEP     | Annual Exceedance Probability                | A storm event that has a 1% (1 in 100) chance of occurring in a single year  |
|------------|--|--|
| FPA        | Flood Planning Area                          | The area in which flood controls apply as determined by the FPL.   |
| FPL        | Flood Planning Level                         | The Study's Defined Flood Event (1% AEP) + a Freeboard.  |
| FRM        | Flood Risk Management                        |  |
| IFD        | Intensity, Frequency, Duration               | Rainfall parameters that provide an array storm events estimates including 1%AEP.  |
| LEP        | Local Environmental Plan                     |  |
| PMF        | Probable Maximum Flood                       | The largest likely conceivable flood in a given area, 0.01% to 0.00001% (1 in 10,000 to 1 in 10,000,000) chance of occurring in a single year. |
| SDMP       | State Disaster Mitigation Plan               |  |
| SEPP       | State Environmental Planning Policy          |  |
| SSDCP 2015 | Sutherland Shire Development<br>Control Plan | Contains applicable development controls for flooding.   |

## **Common References**

| Floodplain                | Overall extent of Flood inundation (PMF Extent).   |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Nuisance Flooding         | Flooding that does not represent a continuous flow path of water and unlikely to pose a risk.                            |  |
| Overland Flow             | Inundation by local run-off on its way to a waterway, rather than overbank flow from a waterway.                         |  |
| Riverine/Mainstream Flood | Flooding that occurs when water overflows the natural or artificial banks of a waterway (eg a creek, river, or estuary). |  |
| Section 10.7              | The section of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act that defines a 'Planning Certificate'.                      |  |
| 10.7 (2)                  | The planning certificate where planning controls may be prescribed.  |  |
| 10.7 (5)                  | Additional information on the planning certificate - where additional planning advice may be included.                   |  |